

GenSight Biologics announces presentation of bilateral visual recovery from GS010 (LUMEVOQ™) Phase III trials at the 46th annual meeting of NANOS

Paris, France, March 3, 2020, 7.30 am CET – GenSight Biologics (Euronext: SIGHT, ISIN: FR0013183985, PEA-PME eligible), a biopharma company focused on discovering and developing innovative gene therapies for retinal neurodegenerative diseases and central nervous system disorders, announced today that the bilateral visual recovery observed with GS010 (LUMEVOQ™) in the REVERSE and RESCUE Phase III trials will be presented and discussed at the 46th Annual Meeting of the North American Neuro-Ophthalmology Society (NANOS) - Amelia Island, Florida - March 7-12, 2020.

Dr. Nancy J. Newman, MD, *LeoDelle Jolley Professor of Ophthalmology and Neurology* at the Emory University School of Medicine in Atlanta, GA, USA, and widely recognized as one of the leading authorities on Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON), will discuss the findings from the two trials in the context of LHON natural history and other relevant studies. Dr. Newman has been instrumental in defining and describing LHON pathophysiology and clinical declarations and is an International Principal Investigator and Site Principal Investigator of GS010 (LUMEVOQ™) Phase III trials.

North American Neuro-Ophthalmology Society (NANOS)

March 7-12, 2020 – Amelia Island (FL, USA)

“Bilateral Visual Improvement with Unilateral Gene Therapy for Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON)” presented by **Nancy J. Newman, MD**, *LeoDelle Jolley Professor of Ophthalmology and Neurology*, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, GA

- *Scientific Platform Session III, Amelia Ballroom*
- *Tuesday, March 10, 11:00 am – 11:15 am ET*

Contacts

GenSight Biologics

Thomas Gidoin
Chief Financial Officer
tgidoin@gensight-biologics.com
+33 (0)1 76 21 72 20

RooneyPartners

Media Relations
Marion Janic
mjanic@rooneyco.com
+1-212-223-4017

LifeSci Advisors

Investor Relations
Guillaume van Renterghem
gvanrenterghem@lifesciadvisors.com
+33 (0)6 69 99 37 83

James Palmer

Retail Investors
j.palmer@orpheonfinance.com
+33 (0) 7 60 92 77 74

About GenSight Biologics

GenSight Biologics S.A. is a clinical-stage biopharma company focused on discovering and developing innovative gene therapies for retinal neurodegenerative diseases and central nervous system disorders. GenSight Biologics' pipeline leverages two core technology platforms, the Mitochondrial Targeting Sequence (MTS) and optogenetics to help preserve or restore vision in patients suffering from blinding retinal diseases. GenSight Biologics' lead product candidate, LUMEVOQ™ (GS010), is in Phase III trials in Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON), a rare mitochondrial disease that leads to irreversible blindness in teens and young adults. Using its gene therapy-based approach, GenSight Biologics' product candidates are designed to be administered in a single treatment to each eye by intravitreal injection to offer patients a sustainable functional visual recovery.



About LUMEVOQ™ (GS010)

LUMEVOQ™ (GS010) targets Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON) by leveraging a mitochondrial targeting sequence (MTS) proprietary technology platform, arising from research conducted at the Institut de la Vision in Paris, which, when associated with the gene of interest, allows the platform to specifically address defects inside the mitochondria using an AAV vector (Adeno-Associated Virus). The gene of interest is transferred into the cell to be expressed and produces the functional protein, which will then be shuttled to the mitochondria through specific nucleotidic sequences in order to restore the missing or deficient mitochondrial function. “LUMEVOQ” was accepted as the invented name for GS010 (lenadogene nolparvovec) by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) in October 2018.

About Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON)

Leber Hereditary Optic Neuropathy (LHON) is a rare maternally inherited mitochondrial genetic disease, characterized by the degeneration of retinal ganglion cells that results in brutal and irreversible vision loss that can lead to legal blindness, and mainly affects adolescents and young adults. LHON is associated with painless, sudden loss of central vision in the 1st eye, with the 2nd eye sequentially impaired. It is a symmetric disease with poor functional visual recovery. 97% of patients have bilateral involvement at less than one year of onset of vision loss, and in 25% of cases, vision loss occurs in both eyes simultaneously. The estimated incidence of LHON is approximately 1,200 new patients who lose their sight every year in the United States and Europe.

About RESCUE and REVERSE

RESCUE and REVERSE are two separate randomized, double-masked, sham-controlled Phase III trials designed to evaluate the efficacy of a single intravitreal injection of GS010 (rAAV2/2-ND4) in subjects affected by LHON due to the G11778A mutation in the mitochondrial *ND4* gene.

The primary endpoint will measure the difference in efficacy of GS010 in treated eyes compared to sham-treated eyes based on Best-Corrected Visual Acuity (BCVA), as measured with the ETDRS at 48 weeks post-injection. The patients' LogMAR (Logarithm of the Minimal Angle of Resolution) scores, which are derived from the number of letters patients read on the ETDRS chart, will be used for statistical purposes. Both trials have been adequately powered to evaluate a clinically relevant difference of at least 15 ETDRS letters between treated and untreated eyes adjusted to baseline.

The secondary endpoints will involve the application of the primary analysis to best-seeing eyes that received GS010 compared to those receiving sham, and to worse-seeing eyes that received GS010 compared to those that received sham. Additionally, a categorical evaluation with a responder analysis will be evaluated, including the proportion of patients who maintain vision (< ETDRS 15L loss), the proportion of patients who gain 15 ETDRS letters from baseline and the proportion of patients with Snellen acuity of >20/200. Complementary vision metrics will include automated visual fields, optical coherence tomography, and color and contrast sensitivity, in addition to quality of life scales, bio-dissemination and the time course of immune response. Readouts for these endpoints are at 48, 72 and 96 weeks after injection.

The trials are conducted in parallel, in 37 subjects for REVERSE and 39 subjects for RESCUE, in 7 centers across the United States, the UK, France, Germany and Italy. Week 96 results were reported in 2019 for both trials, after which patients were transferred to a long-term follow-up study that will last for three years.

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifiers:

REVERSE: NCT02652780

RESCUE: NCT02652767